Objectives, Actions and Performance

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1 | INTRODUCTION

Our business activities have a significant impact on the climate and the environment. They are dependent on and influenced by the natural surroundings and climate conditions in which we operate.

Climate change is already affecting us today with extreme weather events such as droughts, floods, or heavy storms becoming more frequent. In 2015, the Paris Agreement¹ was adopted, which sets the global goal of limiting global warming to 1.5°C to reduce the extent and magnitude of these extreme weather events on people, nature, and businesses alike. The science is clear: to achieve this goal and reduce negative impacts on people and the planet, deep and far-reaching cuts in emissions are required.

The ALDI SOUTH Group has already experienced the effects of global warming on its business partners and the global food systems. For instance, extreme weather events in South and Latin America have directly impacted the supply chains of fresh produce, Brazil nuts, and coffee, resulting in reduced availability and increased prices. With climate change, our entire value chain will be even more vulnerable to extreme weather conditions and changing environments. Limiting global warming is a business imperative for the ALDI SOUTH Group, so taking action is crucial.

We acknowledge our contribution to climate change and our responsibility to reduce our greenhouse gas (GHG) emissions. As a food retailer, we can promote sustainable industry practices and educate customers on sustainable products. Climate action is a central focus of our Global Sustainability Strategy.

We commit to limit global warming to 1.5°C by achieving net-zero in our Scope 1+2 emissions from our own operations by 2035 and net-zero in our Scope 3 emissions from our supply chain by 2050. In 2024, we set new science-based near-term and long-term targets, validated by the Science Based Targets initiative, covering absolute Scope 1+2 emissions, absolute Scope 3 emissions, as well as forestry, land use and agriculture (FLAG) greenhouse gas emissions.

Our goal is to minimise the impact of our corporate activities by lowering our GHG emissions and ensuring that our products have no negative impact on the environment. As part of our broader commitment, we will work with our business partners to reduce their greenhouse gas emissions and promote climate protection projects throughout our supply chains.

We define operational emissions (also called Scope 1+2 emissions) as the emissions directly related to our corporate activities. Our value chain emissions, also known as Scope 3 emissions, cover all indirect emissions in our upstream and downstream supply chains. This fact sheet will focus on differentiating between these two types of emissions. For more information on the exact emissions per Scope and category, please refer to our <u>Climate Protection Progress Report</u>.

¹ UNFCCC (2024) – The Paris Agreement, accessed from: The Paris Agreement | UNFCCC [13.02.2024]

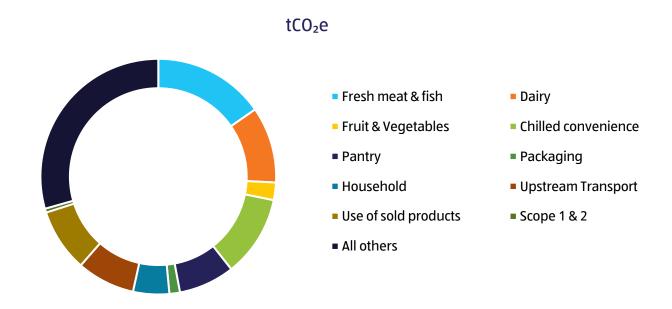
2 | FACTS & FIGURES

Facts:

- Scope 3 emissions account for over 99% of ALDI SOUTH Group's emissions
- The majority of our Scope 3 emissions come from the products we buy

Figures:

The graph below shows the ALDI SOUTH Group's emission sources in 2023



3 | CLIMATE STRATEGY

The ALDI SOUTH Group has set science-based GHG emissions reduction targets aligned to a pathway aimed at limiting global warming to 1.5°C.

The first step towards this commitment was first evidenced in July 2020, when the ALDI SOUTH Group set itself science-based near-term emissions reduction targets that committed the company to reduce greenhouse gas emissions 26% by 2025 from a 2016 base year to limit global warming to well-below 2°C.

By 2022, the Group had exceeded expectations by achieving a 63% reduction in Scope 1+2 emissions compared to the 2016 baseline. As a result, we have subsequently strengthened our goals and committed to even more ambitious targets.

3.1 | CLIMATE COMMITMENTS

In September 2024, the ALDI SOUTH Group became one of the first international grocery retailers worldwide to have science-based targets to reach net-zero GHG emissions across the value chain by 2050 validated by the <u>Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)</u>. These submitted targets cover our operational emissions (Scope 1+2), value chain emissions (Scope 3), and emissions from the Forestry, Land and Agriculture sector (FLAG), in line with the latest requirements of the SBTi.

The validated net-zero targets are:

- The ALDI SOUTH Group commits to reach net-zero greenhouse gas emissions across the value chain by 2050.
- The ALDI SOUTH Group commits to reduce absolute Scope 1+2 GHG emissions 90% by 2035 from a 2021 base year*
- The ALDI SOUTH Group also commits to reduce absolute Scope 3 GHG emissions 90% by 2050 from a 2022 base year.*

The ALDI SOUTH Group also set new science-based near-term emissions reduction targets for Scope 1+2 and Scope 3 greenhouse gas emissions.

- The ALDI SOUTH GROUP commits to reduce absolute scope 1+2 GHG emissions 52% by 2030 from a 2021 base year.*
- The ALDI SOUTH GROUP also commits to reduce absolute scope 3 GHG emissions 25% by 2030 from a 2022 base year.*

For the first time, the ALDI SOUTH Group also set science-based near-term and long-term targets for emissions resulting from forestry, land use, and agriculture (FLAG). These are as follows:

- The ALDI SOUTH Group commits to reduce absolute scope 1 FLAG GHG emissions 30.3% by 2030 from a 2021 base year.**
- The ALDI SOUTH Group also commits to reduce absolute scope 3 FLAG GHG emissions 30.3% by 2030 from a 2022 base year.**
- The ALDI SOUTH Group commits to reduce absolute scope 1 FLAG GHG emissions 72% by 2050 from a 2021 base year.**
- The ALDI SOUTH Group also commits to reduce absolute scope 3 FLAG GHG emissions 72% by 2050 from a 2022 base year.**

FLAG Emissions

Emissions from the Forestry, Land and Agriculture (FLAG) sector can result from change in land use and land management practices.

As a food retailer, we recognise that half of our product emissions come from FLAG. We acknowledge our responsibility to measure, manage, and reduce our land-related emissions. Therefore, we have set FLAG science-based targets, validated by the SBTi, to achieve this goal.

^{*}The target boundary includes land-related emissions and removals from bioenergy feedstocks.

^{*}The target boundary includes land-related emissions and removals from bioenergy feedstocks.

^{**}Target includes FLAG emissions and removals

3.2 | AREAS OF CLIMATE ACTION

Through a strategic approach, we are set to implement decarbonisation and emission reduction initiatives targeting the major sources of Scope 1+2 emissions from our store and logistics operations and increasing our efforts to reduce Scope 3 emissions by partnering with suppliers on their on-farm practices and addressing our upstream transportation decarbonisation opportunities. We also intend to step up collaboration with our suppliers as tackling climate change requires a collective effort.

3.3 | ROADMAP

We have defined a Climate Roadmap that outlines our long-term commitments and the measures that will support us in achieving them. It addresses the measures to reduce the emissions from the sources identified in our Corporate Carbon Footprint, including emissions from our products, real estate, and transportation. We have defined responsibilities for each reduction measure in global and national departments and set delivery timelines.

The Roadmap's progress is continuously tracked both globally and nationally, and discussed in internal working groups. The commitments and measures are regularly updated to ensure they are up to date and support us in delivering of our long-term goals.

4 | CLIMATE ACTION

4.1 | EMISSION SOURCES

The ALDI SOUTH Group has been reporting its Corporate Carbon Footprint (CCF) since 2012, as climate protection has been a major focus for many years.

Our CCF has formed the basis for the climate commitments and activities outlined in our Global Sustainability Strategy. We have identified the main sources of emissions and addressed them through our strategic targets and corresponding Roadmap measures.

ALDI's Main Emission Sources



Operational Emissions

- Electricity
- Refrigeration
- Heating sources
- Logistics



Supply Chain Emissions

- Purchased products
- Upstream transportation and distribution
- Use of sold products

As a retailer, our products are responsible for most of our emissions, not only during production and delivery but also during their use phase and end-of-life cycle. Therefore, we consider the entire lifecycle of our products; from where they are sourced, to what happens after our customers take them home. This approach presents challenges as it requires greater transparency throughout the supply chain. Additionally, we have limited control over how our customers use our products. However, as a consumer-facing business, we have a responsibility to positively impact both ends of the supply chain.

We monitor our progress towards our climate strategy annually by calculating and reporting our emissions for all business processes and locations in accordance with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol. For further information, please refer to our <u>Climate Action Progress Report 2023.</u>

4.2 | EMISSION REDUCTION

4.2.1 Operational emissions: measures & results

Renewable electricity

In the past, electricity accounted for a large proportion of our emissions because most of the electricity we purchased was generated from burned fossil fuels, known as "grey electricity". We set ourselves the target of reducing emissions from electricity by purchasing more "green electricity", which is generated from renewable energy sources. As a result, we have gradually and significantly reduced emissions from electricity. In 2023, more than 99% of the electricity used in our stores, regional distribution centres (RDCs) and offices comes from renewable energy sources.

Photovoltaic

Our objective is to provide all stores and RDCs with photovoltaic systems wherever feasible. As of 2023, over 2,400 stores worldwide have been equipped with photovoltaic systems, and we plan to progressively increase this number. To accomplish this, we rely on local contractual agreements with providers. In Austria, for example, we have an agreement with a national utility company to install photovoltaic systems on every new store.

Heating systems

Heating makes up 34% of our operational emissions in 2023. We have been consistently reducing heating-related emissions and plan to continue this trend by gradually switching to lower-emission heating. All new stores and planned refurbishments will be equipped with a lower-emission heating system, such as air-sourced heat pumps. We already use heat pumps in several stores and, where technologically feasible, utilise excess heat produced from cooling equipment to heat our stores.

Refrigerants and refrigeration technology

The refrigeration technology utilised in our stores, regional distribution centres, and logistics vehicles plays a critical role in achieving our climate protection goals. Refrigeration systems account for a significant portion of our energy consumption and can have a substantial impact on global warming due to the chemicals required for cooling. Conventional chemicals used in refrigeration have a high Global Warming Potential (GWP), much higher than CO₂, which ultimately accelerates global warming. It is essential to use modern, environmentally sound, and climate-friendly refrigerants in our refrigeration systems, as well as to practice responsible use, and recycling, to reduce our greenhouse gas emissions.

In addition to reducing emissions related to refrigeration, we aim to phase out refrigerants in our refrigeration equipment with a GWP higher than 2,200 by 2025 and ultimately switch to using only natural refrigerants. By 2023, already 52% of refrigerants used in ALDI stores had a GWP² of less than 2,200. To further reduce refrigeration emissions, all ALDI SOUTH Group countries plan to switch to natural refrigerants in our refrigeration equipment with a maximum GWP of 4 from 2024 onwards. Exceptions may be necessary for refrigeration systems in RDCs that require specific refrigerants. In those cases, we will recycle and reuse refrigerants. We monitor exceptions closely and continuously analyse the possibility of a final phase-out that complies with legislative requirements and incorporates the latest technology. To reduce the energy consumption and emissions related to refrigeration equipment, we started installing refrigeration doors in all our stores worldwide in 2024.

Car fleet

We are working to phase out these emissions by transitioning to an all-electric car fleet where practicable and market conditions allow.

Outbound transportation

Efficient logistics guarantee that our customers have daily access to our full range of products and fresh items. Our outbound transport logistics are the largest source of our operational greenhouse gas emissions. To reduce our logistics emissions, we need to switch to alternative fuel types, such as HVO³ in the short-term, and technologies like electric or hydrogen trucks. We have set corresponding targets for our logistics fleet. Our first step towards implementation has been conducting several trials in 2023 for HVO and e-trucks.



After carefully analysing the lessons learned and exchanging with business partners, our plan is to gradually scale these. The learnings from the trials are incorporated into a pathway to electrify our fleet.

Until the electrification process is underway, we aim to conserve fuel in our logistics operations by optimising trailer capacity utilisation, implementing highly economical route planning, and operating a modern fleet of vehicles that enable the use of alternative fuels. Additionally, our drivers receive training to promote efficient driving behaviour.

 $^{^2}$ The Global Warming Potential (GWP) is an index used to measure the impact of greenhouse gas on global warming over a 100-year time frame. CO₂ has a GWP of 1. For further information, please refer to the EPA (2023).

³ Hydrotreated vegetable oil (HVO) is biofuel made by the hydrocracking or hydrogenation of vegetable oil.

4.2.2 | Supply chain emissions

As the majority of our emissions are located in our supply chain, we will increase our focus on collaborating with our suppliers to reduce emissions. As part of our climate strategy, we will establish reduction targets for our highest-emitting commodity groups. We have also carried out a climate risk assessment to identify where actions should be prioritised. Our goal is that our partners adhere to the same standards as we do and develop climate action strategies to achieve net zero emissions in their operations and supply chains and set themselves climate targets in line with science.

Product emissions

ALDI SOUTH Group's main source of emissions often comes from the life cycle of our products, with fresh meat and dairy being significant contributors. The production and processing of animal-based products, from farm to shelf, involves resource-intensive activities such as feed production, transportation, and refrigeration. Livestock farming, especially for meat and dairy, is linked to high GHG emissions because of the methane released by animals and the energy-intensive nature of feed production. Furthermore, the need for cold storage and transportation to preserve the freshness of these perishable items adds to our carbon footprint. As the food industry becomes more aware of the environmental impact of its operations, we will investigate sustainable practices and alternative products to reduce emissions related to fresh meat and dairy, while balancing consumer demand with environmental responsibility.

The ALDI SOUTH Group is working across all its markets to identify mutually beneficial projects with its suppliers aimed at reducing product emissions. One such example of this successful collaboration is ALDI UK's <u>Dairy Farm Partnership</u> with Arla, which includes a pathway of co-investment to fund decarbonisation on farms and at production facilities.

Inbound transportation

A portion of our supply chain emissions come from the transportation of products upstream. The process of transporting goods from farms and production facilities to distribution centres and ultimately to our stores involves extensive transportation networks that heavily rely on fossil fuels. The emissions from trucks, ships, and planes used in the transportation process contribute to our carbon footprint. The reliance on long-distance shipping exacerbates the environmental impact. Similar to our outbound transportation, we are implementing sustainable transportation practices to reduce emissions and contribute to a more environmentally responsible supply chain. This includes optimising delivery routes, investing in fuel-efficient vehicles, and exploring alternative transportation modes. ALDI is also a participant in multiple multistakeholder initiatives, including the Global Logistics Emissions Council, that work to support the move towards a zero emissions freight and logistics sector.

Use of sold products

The use of sold products, especially electrical goods, contributes to our carbon footprint. Household appliances, refrigeration units, and other electrical items often consume energy throughout their lifecycle, from manufacturing to usage. This electricity consumption contributes to greenhouse gas emissions, particularly if derived from non-renewable sources. To address the environmental impact of our products, we focus on promoting energy-efficient appliances and providing information on responsible usage.

4.3 | CARBON REMOVAL

The ALDI SOUTH Group acknowledges that carbon removals will play an important role in the journey to net-zero GHG emissions. Our current focus is working to minimise the environmental impact of our corporate activities by reducing our GHG emissions and ensuring that we offer more products that have minimal impact on the climate. We intend to reduce the bulk of emissions through decarbonisation and emission reductions programs targeting our largest sources of emissions. We are also evaluating and engaging with industry experts to understand where residual and hard-to-abate emissions are most likely to occur in order to incorporate carbon removals in our net zero strategy.

5 | STAKEHOLDER DIALOGUE

We believe the most effective way to safeguard both people and the environment is through collaborative initiatives and partnerships. Therefore, we work closely with our suppliers and participate in a range of multistakeholder initiatives. We are also creating a new Supplier Engagement Strategy which is set to establish the necessary framework to enable the decarbonisation of the ALDI SOUTH Group's supply chains.

5.1 | SUPPLIER ENGAGEMENT

5.1.1 | SBTi webinar with suppliers

In 2023, we collaborated with ALDI Nord and the Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) to hold a webinar for our suppliers. The goal of this webinar was to highlight the importance of establishing climate targets and to encourage participation in the ALDI SOUTH Group's effort to help heal the earth's climate. This event was significant because it allowed suppliers to ask questions about target setting. This is the initial step towards making actual emissions reductions within our supply chain. The SBTi has become the industry standard for corporate climate action. By setting science-based targets, we can ensure that our suppliers are aligned in making actual emission reductions.

5.1.2 | Supplier survey on climate commitment

Since 2021, we have conducted an annual climate supplier survey targeting suppliers responsible for the top 75% of product-related emissions. This survey helps us to track our progress towards achieving our Scope 3 targets and provides us with a baseline for our suppliers' progress in their climate action journey and highlights their current initiatives. This information is used to segment our suppliers based on climate-action maturity which is a useful tool we use in identifying the appropriate course of action with our suppliers based on their maturity profile. By channelling the right type of resources to where they are more likely to have the biggest impact, we strive for a more effective decarbonisation across our supply chain.

5.1.3 | Supplier visits

Our long-term goal is to establish closer collaboration with our suppliers to decrease our product emissions. Specifically, we aim to concentrate on fresh meat and dairy as these items are responsible most of our emissions. We have already held meetings with some of our strategic suppliers in these categories and visited their premises to assess the potential for collaboration. Working with more reliable primary data will provide valuable insights into areas where we can reduce emissions with the help of our suppliers.

5.2 MULTI-STAKEHOLDER INITIATIVES

5.2.1 | Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi) (since 2020)



The <u>Science Based Targets initiative (SBTi)</u> is a a corporate climate action organization that enables companies and financial institutions worldwide to play their part in combating the climate crisis. The SBTi is an independent charity and partners with Carbon Disclosure Project (CDP), the United Nations Global Compact (UNGC), the We Mean Business Coalition, the World Resources Institute (WRI) and the Worldwide Fund for Nature (WWF). They develop standards, tools and guidance which allow companies to set GHG emissions

reductions targets in line with what is needed to keep global heating below catastrophic levels and reach netzero by 2050 at latest.

5.2.2 | Global Logistics Emissions Council (GLEC) (since 2022)

In 2022, the ALDI SOUTH Group became a member of the Global Logistics Emissions Council (GLEC). This membership will help in overcoming significant business obstacles by participating in Council projects that promote the transition towards a freight and logistics sector with zero emissions.



We understand that our business activities have a significant impact on climate and the environment. Our goal is to minimise the ecological footprint of our corporate activities. Efficient logistics are key to ensuring that customers have access to our full range and fresh items every day. After our store operations, transport logistics is the largest source of greenhouse gas emissions and that's why the ALDI SOUTH Group has become the first grocery retailer to join the Smart Freight Centres Global Logistics Emissions Council.

The Smart Freight Centre (SFC) is a non-profit organisation that operates internationally with the aim of reducing greenhouse gas emissions from freight transportation. The SFC collaborates with businesses and other interested organisations to measure the impacts of freight, identify solutions, and support logistics decarbonisation strategies.

5.2.3 Supplier Leadership on Climate Transition (LOCT) (since 2024)



The <u>Supplier Leadership on Climate Transition</u> is a consortium to accelerate progress towards science-based greenhouse gas reduction targets. Supplier LOCT invites companies dedicated to climate action to join the collaborative partnership and provides an online learning environment to educate supply chain companies on their climate goals.

ALDI US has joined the Supplier LOCT initiative to facilitate stronger collaboration with suppliers to establish science-based emissions targets. As a member of this consortium, our efforts extend to offering sponsorship to suppliers across the ALDI SOUTH Group for accessing tools and training materials that set out best practices in climate target setting.

5.2.4 Dairy Sustainability Framework (DSF) Advisory Council (since 2025)



Multi-stakeholder Advisory Council (ADCO) serves as a valuable resource for Governors, offering a platform to challenge and find solutions to sustainability challenges related to the Dairy Sustainability Framework (DSF). Acting as a 'sounding board,' it supports Governors in evolving the DSF model with insights from a diverse range of stakeholders who have an interest in the sector's sustainable development. It functions as the advisory council for the Sustainable Dairy Partnership, regularly reviewing stakeholder input to stay aligned with sector needs.

ALDI SOUTH Group's joining of the ADCO reflects its strong commitment to the food and agricultural sector, recognizing the crucial role dairy plays in its supply chains. By becoming part of the advisory council, ALDI SOUTH Group aims to be part of the solution, actively supporting systemic change in global food systems to enhance sustainability and resilience.











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Please visit <u>sustainability.aldisouthgroup.com</u> for more information on our international corporate responsibility activities.